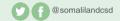


# MONTHLY CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI)

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**JANUARY 2024** 





## Methodological Note

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) and the accompanying report are prepared monthly by the Central Statistics Department (CSD) at the Ministry of Planning and National Development (MoPND). January to December 2012 is the price reference period, for which the CPI was set to 100.

The CPI is compiled from approximately 520 product prices collected in Hargeisa, mainly from the city's two biggest open-air markets. Those product prices are weighted according to the representative consumption basket, which is calculated based on consumption data from the Somaliland Household Survey (2013) and auxiliary data sources to overcome data gaps.

Standards for price statistics. For instance, the CPI follows the Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose (COICOP), elementary aggregate indices are calculated using the geometric average method (Jevons index), and higher-level indices are computed as weighted arithmetic averages of their sub-indices (Laspevres index).

Time series for the CPI and its main components, annual and monthly inflation, as well as detailed information on methodology are available on the CSD website: https://somalilandcsd.org/

## Consumer Price Index summary for JANUARY 2024

In January 2024, the overall CPI Constant at 1.2% over the previous month, and Increased 10.2% over the same month in the previous year.

Table One below: - summarizes the month-over-month and year-over-year changes in the overall CPI and for the main COICOP groups.

Table 1. Monthly and annual change in overall CPI and main COICOP Divisions for JANUARY 2024

Code	Main Divisions/classes	Weights	Jan_23	Dec_23	Jan_24	Month Percent change	Annual Percent change
	HEADLINE INDEX	100%	217.21	236.58	239.31	1.2	10.2
1	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	41.75%	245.28	279.33	282.06	1.0	15.0
1.1	FOOD	38.71	247.65	284.51	287.45	1.0	16.1
01.1.1	Bread and Cereals	10.48	214.54	225.49	221.59	-1.7	3.3
01.1.2	Meat	6.05	263.72	327.34	329.84	0.8	25.1
01.1.3	Fish and sea food	0.37	227.18	240.05	236.66	-1.4	4.2
01.1.4	Milk, cheese and eggs	4.23	246.93	269.48	269.32	-0.1	9.1
01.1.5	Oil and fats	1.54	212.94	222.90	213.22	-4.3	0.1
01.1.6	Fruits	3.26	383.63	463.50	470.07	1.4	22.5
01.1.7	Vegetables	6.28	232.82	319.36	335.78	5.1	44.2
01.1.8	Sugar,Jam,Honey,chocolate and confe.	2.53	232.11	240.17	240.17	0.0	3.5
01.1.9	Food products n.e.c	3.99	248.43	251.69	253.61	0.8	2.1
2	Alcoholic Beverages, Tobacco and Narcotics	4.56%	296.35	298.17	301.32	1.1	1.7
3	Clothing and footwear	5.73%	204.02	222.47	226.33	1.7	10.9
4	Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels	14.10%	206.05	221.76	225.16	1.5	9.3
5	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	5.55%	185.91	192.44	201.90	4.9	8.6
6	Health	2.56%	214.78	214.90	217.77	1.3	1.4
7	Transport	8.85%	141.48	146.90	148.98	1.4	5.3
8	Communication	2.99%	189.41	192.45	193.12	0.4	2.0
9	Recreation and culture	2.25%	175.16	183.02	187.79	2.6	7.2
10	Education	3.69%	157.04	159.19	153.84	-3.4	-2.0
11	Restaurants and hotels	3.35%	216.71	216.28	216.28	0.0	-0.2
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	4.62%	206.79	221.45	221.04	-0.2	6.9

## • Recent trends in the CPI and its main components

Decomposing inflation into the three components presented in Figure one allows us to see the effects on prices of the movement by typically most volatile components of the CPI, Food crops increased and Energy, Fuel and Utilities prices increased. It also allows us to calculate "Core Inflation" by subtracting these volatile components, which more accurately reflects the economy-wide change in prices that influenced by aggregate demand and supply evolutions.

6.0 5.0 40 3.0 2.0 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.0 0.8 1 0 0.6 0.0 Aug-23 Sep-23 Oct-23 Nov-23 Dec-23 Jan-24 Food Crops and Related Items Core Headline inflation Rate Energy Fuel and Utilities

Figure 1. Monthly headline inflation and its main components, trailing Six months

# Monthly inflation rates over 6 months

Over the past 6 months, monthly headline inflation has slightly decelerated in the following months, before almost stopping in August the Inflation rate is constant at 0.6% while September 2023 inflation rate is Increased at 0.8% and October the inflation rate increased at 1.0% while in November the Inflation rate is constant at 1.0%, in December the inflation rate Increased at 1.2% where the following of January Decreased at 1.2%

The biggest monthly increments were measured for the "Food Crop & Related items" component, in August Decreased at 0.6% whereas the inflation rate in September 2023 Increased 1.8%, and the inflation rate October increased at 3.2% and the inflation rate of November Increased 5.5% in December the Inflation rate is constant at 5.5% while inflation at January Decreased at 3.5%

On the other hand, the "Energy, Fuel and Utilities "component monthly were in August the inflation rate decreased at 0.3%.

Were September 2023 the inflation rate Increased at 0.6% while the October inflation rate increased at 0.7%, and the inflation rate of November also Decreased at 0.0% and December inflation rate Increased at 0.1% while in January the inflation rate increased at 2.5%

The "Core Inflation" component, which reflects change in prices of goods in the consumption goods belonging to one of the other two components, was the least volatile of the three in August Inflation rate Increased at 0.6%, and the inflation rate in September 2023 increased at 0.7%, the inflation rate of October Decreased at 0.6% In November the inflation rate decreased at 0.3% were in December the inflation rate Increased at 0.7% While in January inflation rate decreased at 0.5% "Core Inflation" as the more volatile components varied less than in previous months.

Table 2. Monthly percentage change in overall CPI and main components

	2023									2024			
Component	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan
Headline index	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2
	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.4
Food crops & related items EFU	0.2	0.4	1.1	2.5	3.4	0.9	1.4	0.6	1.8	3.2	5.5	5.5	3.5
	0.5	3.0	2.0	0.0	1.6	2.5	1.0	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.0	0.1	2.5

Table 3. Annual percentage change in overall CPI and main components

2023										2024			
Component	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan
Headline index	10.7	10.5	10.4	10.2	10.0	9.5	8.6	7.6	7.3	7.6	8.4	9.4	10.2
Core	10.2	9.3	9.1	8.7	8.0	7.3	6.8	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9
Food crops & related items	9.9	14.4	14.4	16.6	20.2	20.3	18.9	18.0	16.2	17.5	23.4	29.8	34.2
EFU	16.9	16.9	18.2	16.0	15.7	14.4	11.3	6.8	7.0	10.3	10.6	12.7	15.0

#### How to interpret inflation and CPI statistics?

Movements of the indices from one month to another usually are expressed as percentage changes rather than

changes in index points. For instance, one index going from 50 in one month to 55 the next month represents a 10% increase in that index, which will be typically reported as a 10% rate of monthly inflation.

Table 4. Example on how to interpret the relations between index changes and inflation

Monthly Inflation		Annual Inflation	
Current month index level	239.26	Current month index level	239.26
Less index for previous month	236.64	Less index for same month of the previous year	217.21
Index point difference	2.62	Index point difference	22.05
Divided by the previous month index	236.64	Divided by the previous year index	217.21
Equals	0.01107167	Equals	0.1015146632
Results multiplied by 100	0.01107167x100	Results multiplied by 100	0.1015146632x100
Equals percent change	1.2%	Equals percent change	10.2%

NB: In JANUARY there were two price-related incidents; The value of local currency Somaliland Shillings were increased due to increase of exchange rate for the months and first week of January, that affected prices of some commodities to decreased, especially Food items such as Cooking Oil and Food crop being highly decreased such Apple, and other fruit and vegetable, were shortage supply in the market in January 2024, Communication division, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services division, also the price of energy particular Energy, Fuel and Utilities since t to October and January of the year 2024 was being increasing.

NB: All users are here to inform you there is a type of error for the month of December regarding the result of the inflation rate percentage, where the publication error monthly indicates 1.3 % while the correct result is monthly inflation was 1.2%.

# Glossary

- Index reference period (Jan-Dec 2012=100): The period with which all other periods at are compared (the period for which the value of the CPI is set at 100).
- Percentage change: The change in an index or other statistical series from one period to another expressed as a percentage of its value in the first of the two periods.
- Annual inflation: Percentage change between the current index number for a particular month and the index number for the same month of the previous year.
- Monthly inflation: Percentage change between the current index number for a particular month and the index number for the previous month.
- COICOP: The Classification of individual consumption by purpose, abbreviated as COICOP, is a classification developed by the United Nations Statistics Division to classify and analyses individual consumption expenditures incurred by households, non-profit institutions serving households and general government according to their purpose.

